

Human Rights, Social Justice and Wellbeing

"Two-eyed seeing" and the importance of social work wisdom



UN Convention of Genocide (1948)

Article 2(e) states:

- "forcibly transferring children of the group to another group"
- constituted cultural genocide when the intent is to destroy a culture.

Protection of children of Indigenous Peoples was further enhanced by the <u>United Nations Declaration</u> <u>on the Rights of Indigenous Peoples</u>, Article 7 that states "Indigenous peoples have the collective right to live in freedom, peace and security as distinct peoples and shall not be subjected to any act of genocide or any other act of violence, including forcibly removing children of the group to another group."

"Sixties Scoop"

The term "Sixties Scoop" refers to the period from 1961 through to the 1980s that saw an astounding number of Indigenous babies and children literally scooped from the arms of their parents and placed in boarding schools or the homes of middleclass Euro-Canadian families. This period of child apprehension arose in the wake of the closing of the Indian residential schools.

The Indian residential school system was designed to assimilate Indigenous children into Euro-Canadian culture by removing them from their families and homes and placing them in government and Christian run schools. These schools were considered an important instrument of the assimilation policy because it "...took [the Indigenous child] from the reserve and kept him in the constant circle of civilization, assured attendance, removed him from the "retarding influence of his parents …" *Indian Act-* all of which was done to "help" Indigenous Peoples, and bring them forward into "civilized" society.



Thunderbird Partnership

- The Thunderbird Partnership Foundation is a non-profit organization that is committed to working with First Nations to further the capacity of communities to address substance use and addiction.
- Their top priority is developing a continuum of care that would be available to all Indigenous people in Canada.



Thunderbird Partnership

Thunderbird Partnership Foundation's strength based, holistic, trauma informed approach to social work practices that values culture, respect, community, and compassion.

Thunderbird's "two eyed seeing" approach of combining Indigenous knowledge and western knowledge

Indigenous peoples in Canada continue to experience ongoing issues which are a direct result of settler colonialism. This includes the effects of

- cultural genocide,
- intergenerational trauma,
- systemic racism,
- mass incarceration,
- lack of clean drinking water
- and a housing crisis on reserves,
- and missing and murdered Indigenous women, girls, and men (MMIWGM)



In relation to humanistic psychology, it's important recognize the Blackfoot's teachings of innate self-actualization. We are born with innate actualized tendencies, and through community, we are able to express these and develop them further (Ravilochan et al., 2021)

Maslow's Hierarchy of Need

Self-actualization

desire to become the most that one can be

Esteem

respect, self-esteem, status, recognition, strength, freedom

Love and belonging friendship, intimacy, family, sense of connection

Safety needs

personal security, employment, resources, health, property

Physiological needs

air, water, food, shelter, sleep, clothing, reproduction

Hope, Belonging, Meaning, Purpose

Mental wellness is a balance of the mental, physical, spiritual, and emotional. This balance is enriched as people have:

- **HOPE** for their future and those of their families that is grounded in a sense of identity, unique Indigenous values, and having a belief in spirit;
- a sense of **BELONGING** and connectedness within their families, to community, and to culture;
- **MEANING** and an understanding of how their lives and those of their families and communities are part of creation and a rich history
- and finally, a sense of **PURPOSE** in their daily lives whether it is through education, employment, care-giving activities, or cultural ways of being and doing;



Indigenous Wellness Framework

- The Indigenous Wellness Framework (IWF) is a foundational framework that was developed by Elders and Knowledge Keepers who shared their understanding of what wellness is from an Indigenous point of view.
- This framework aims to demonstrate the effectiveness of First Nations culture as a health intervention in addressing substance use and mental wellness issues, and support development of an Indigenous knowledgebased wellness assessment instrument.



"Wellness from an Indigenous perspective is a whole and healthy person expressed through a sense of balance of spirit, emotion, mind and body. Central to wellness is belief in one's connection to language, land, beings of creation, and ancestry, supported by a caring family and environment."

- Elder Jim Dumont, Definition of Wellness





Urie Bronfenbrenners ecological systems theory of child development

Assessment Framework



Resilience Framework and Care Leavers

	BASICS	BELONGING	LEARNING	COPING	CORE SELF
HES	Good enough housing	Find somewhere for the child/YP to belong	Make school/college life work as well as possible	Understanding boundaries and keeping within them	Instil a sense of hope
		Help child/YP understand their place in the world			
		Tap into good influences	Engage mentors for	Being brave	Support the child/YP to
	Being safe	Keep relationships going	children/YP	Solving problems	understand other people's feelings
	Access & transport	The more healthy relationships the better	Map out career or life plan	Putting on rose-tinted glasses	Help the child/YP to know themself
APPROACHES		Take what you can from relationships where there is some hope		Fostering their interests	
IC API	Healthy diet	Get together people the child/YP can count on	Help the child/YP to	Calming down & self- soothing	Help the child/YP take responsibility for themself
SPECIFIC	-	Responsibilities & obligations	organise themself		
	Exercise and fresh air	Focus on good times and places	Highlight achievements	Remember tomorrow is	Foster their talents
	Enough sleep	Make sense of where child/YP has come from		another day	
	Play & leisure	Predict a good experience of someone or something new	Develop life skills	Lean on others when necessary	There are tried and tested treatments for specific problems, use them
	Being free from prejudice & discrimination				
		Make friends and mix with other children/YPs		Have a laugh	
		NC	BLE TRUTHS		
	ACCEPTING	CONSERVING	COMMITM	IENT	ENLISTING

www.boingboing.org.uk

First Nations Mental Wellness Continuum Framework

Published in 2015, the First Nations Mental Wellness Continuum (FNMWC) framework is a joint initiative of the First Nations and Inuit Health Branch, the Assembly of First Nations, and Indigenous mental health leaders from various nongovernment organisations.

The FNMWC framework uses the Indigenous Wellness Framework and has an overarching goal of improving mental wellness outcomes for First Nations.

It is based on the idea that we all have a responsibility to support wellness and it provides a continuum of care, attending to wellness through all stages of life and including those with multiple and complex needs.



A Life Promotion Toolkit by Indigenous Youth

As asked for by Indigenous youth, this toolkit delivers information aimed at promoting life through a strength-based Indigenous lens focused on health and healing, rather than focusing on preventing death. It aims to serve Indigenous youth and Indigenous populations, but non-youth and non-Indigenous people are also welcome to use it. This toolkit is needs-based and people who use it can look for what will help them.



STRENGTHENING OUR CONNECTIONS TO PROMOTE LIFE:





"Where there is Hope, there is Healing"

- The Nimkee NupiGawagan Healing Centre (NNHC) is a residential solvent and substance abuse centre for First Nation and Indigenous youth and is committed to empowering Indigenous youth, families, and communities through culturally based holistic treatment services.
- The holistic treatment program provides land-based education, life skills and nutrition education, health care, and aftercare planning.
- Staff place an emphasis on listening to youth, showing love and kindness, and creating a safe / brave space.

Safer Opioid Supply (SOS) Program outstanding results

Program flexibility

Low-barrier, client-centred design

Ability to provide pharmaceuticals that meet people's needs

Community-centred approach

https://www.nss-aps.ca

- Prescribed hydromorphone is not contributing to drug-related deaths
- Reduced risk of death and/or overdose
- Engagement and retention in programs and care Improvements in physical and mental health
- Fewer emergency department visits and hospitalizations
- Decrease in hospitalizations for infectious complications:
- Reduced use of drugs from the unregulated street supply
- Improved control over drug use
- Improvements in social well-being and stability
- Decline in health care costs

Dr Andrea Sereda Sereda MD, CCFP(EM)

Secondary Vicarious Trauma

Workplace Wellbeing

Social Worker Wellbeing and Working Conditions: Good Practice Toolkit (2020)

https://swu-union.org.uk/social-worker-wellbeingand-working-conditions-good-practice-toolkit-2020 Social Worker Wellbeing and Working Conditions:

Good Practice Toolkit







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Ma'na | čečehatanapeč | gilakas'la | Mēduh | ?uuščakšiλ?ic Woliwoni | Niá:wen | Huy ch q'u | Gùnèłchīsh | Miigwetch Anúshiik | Mussi cho | Uo-P | Tansi | Wela'lieg | Merci | Nakurmiik Stutwiniitscw | T'ooyaksiý ńiin | "⊲∆ "⊲∆ | Haawa | Walas giaxsixa Sechanalyagh | Thank you | Po.o. "drn" | Naqumik | 'anáłzax" Kúkwstumckacw | Sne kal yëgh | marsı | HÍSWKE | Tiawenhk ⊲+"⊲+ | Wuujǫ aasanaláá? | Hoy chexw | Nug^wuλá | K^wuk^wstéyp Wela'lin | ?ul nu msh chxw | Kwànàschis | Sunachailya | Mahsi' Žekoo Žekoo | Miigwech | Kukwstsétsemc | Γ΄•√

thunderbirdpf.org

All social change begins with a conversation.

Margaret J. Wheatley

Now it's your turn...